

TBA 780

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

WIDE-BAND AMPLIFIER, FM DETECTOR, AUDIO PREAMPLIFIER/DRIVER

The TBA 780 provides, in a single monolithic silicon chip, a major subsystem for the sound section of TV receivers in a 14-lead quad in-line or dual in-line plastic package. As shown in the schematic diagram the TBA 780 contains a multistage wide-band IF amplifier/limiter section, active filter, an FM-detector stage, electronic attenuator, a Zener diode regulated power supply section and AF amplifier section specifically designed to directly drive an NPN power transistor or high-transconductance tube.

In the TBA 780, the demodulation can be effected by a single tuned discriminator coil (differential peak detector).

Because of the circuit being so inclusive, a minimum number of external components is required. A particular feature of the TBA 780 is the electronic attenuator, which performs the conventional volume control function.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

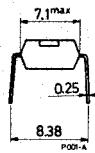
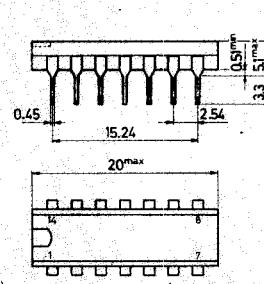
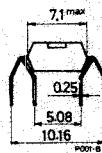
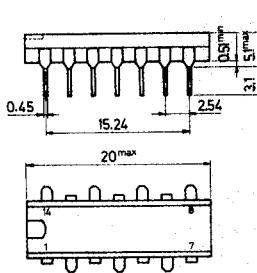
I_s	Supply current (pin 5)	50 mA
I_o	Output current (pin 12)	6 mA
V_i	Input-signal voltage (between pins 1 and 2)	± 3 V
P_{tot}	Total power dissipation: at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	850 mW
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-25 to 150 $^\circ\text{C}$
T_{op}	Operating temperature	0 to 85 $^\circ\text{C}$

ORDERING NUMBERS: TBA 780 X2 for quad in-line plastic package

TBA 780 X7 for dual in-line plastic package

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



TBA 780 X2

TBA 780 X7

TBA 780

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, DC volume control $P_2 = 0$ and $V_S = +30\text{ V}$ applied to terminal 5 through a 620Ω resistor, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
I_5 Supply current	$V_S = 9\text{ V}$ (applied direct. to pin 5)	10	16	24	mA	—
$V_{i(\text{threshold})}$ Input limiting voltage (pin 2)	$f = 5.5\text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1\text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 50\text{ kHz}$	200	400		μV	—
V_o Recovered audio voltage (pin 8)	$V_i = 100\text{ mV}$ $f = 5.5\text{ MHz}$ $f_m = 1\text{ kHz}$ $\Delta f = \pm 50\text{ kHz}$	0.5	0.75		V_{rms}	3
		0.9	2		%	
V_o Audio output voltage (pin 12)	$d = 5\%$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	2	2.5		V_{rms}	4
V_o DC output voltage (pin 12)		8.5	11.75		V	—
DC volume control range	$P_2 = \infty$	60	80		dB	3
Max. play-through voltage		0.075	1		mV	
R_i Input resistance (pin 2)	$f = 5.5\text{ MHz}$		17		$\text{k}\Omega$	—
R_o Output resistance (pin 9)			3.25		$\text{k}\Omega$	

TBA 780

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
R_o Output resistance (pin 12)	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		270		Ω	—
R_o Output resistance (pin 7)			7.5		$\text{k}\Omega$	
R_o Output resistance (pin 8)			300		Ω	
C_i Input capacitance (pin 2)	$f = 5.5 \text{ MHz}$		4		pF	—
C_o Output capacitance (pin 9)			7.5		pF	
G_v Audio voltage gain	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_i = 0.1 \text{ V}$	17.5	20		dB	4
P_{tot} Total power dissipation		343	370	400	mW	—
AMR Amplitude modulation rejection	$f = 5.5 \text{ MHz}$	40	50		dB	3

TBA 780

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

Fig. 1

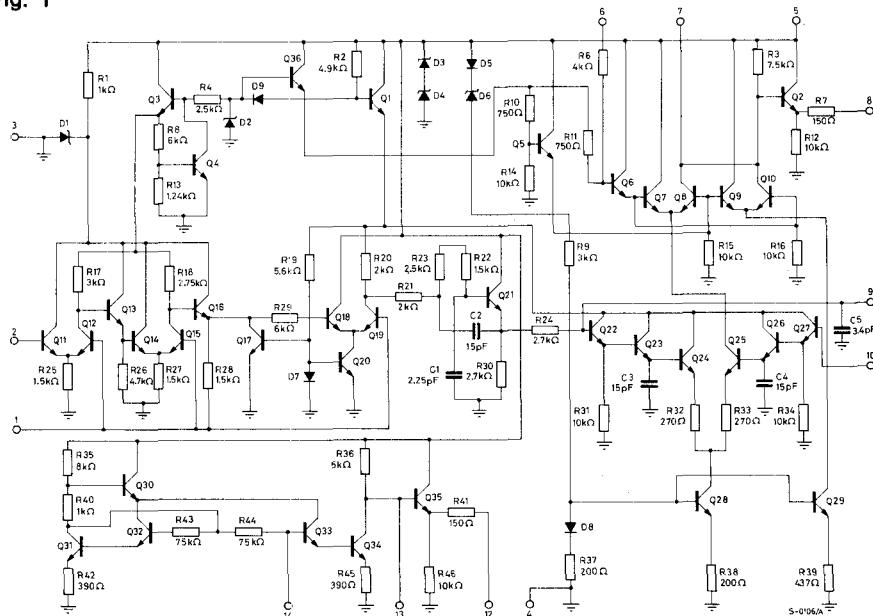
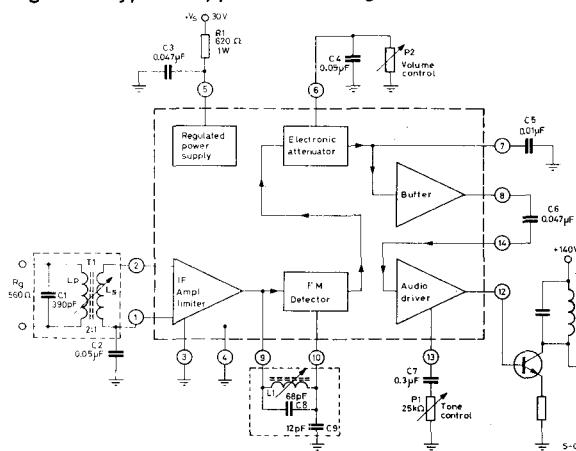


Fig. 2 - Typical application using TBA 780 and class A output transistor



1) $T_1 = 5.5 \text{ MHz transformer}$

$L_p = 5.5 \mu\text{H}; Q_o = 80; 19 \text{ turns}$
 $\text{Ø} 0.15 \text{ mm silk-covered copper wire with powdered-iron core}$

$L_s = 9 \text{ turns } \text{Ø} 0.15 \text{ mm}$

2) $T_2 = \text{Audio output transformer:}$

The dimensions of the transformer and of the circuit parameters are to be evaluated on the basis of the output power desired and of the load to be used

3) $L_1 = \text{Single tuned discriminator coil: } 12 \mu\text{H}; Q_o = 50$
 $(58 \text{ turns } \text{Ø} 0.08 \text{ mm with powdered-iron core})$

TBA 780

Fig. 3 - Input limiting voltage, AM rejection, recovered audio, total harmonic distortion, maximum attenuation, maximum "play-through" test circuit

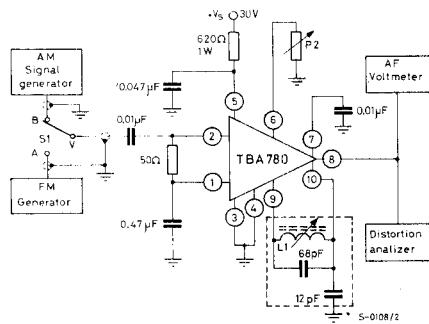


Fig. 4 - Audio voltage gain (undistorted output) test circuit

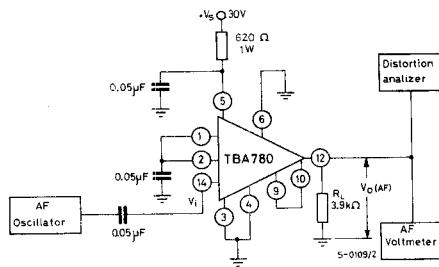
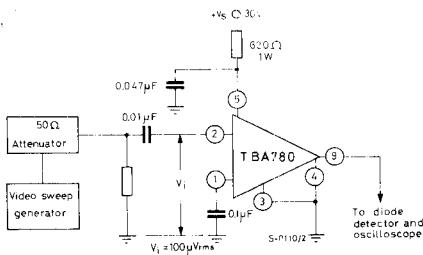


Fig. 5 - IF amplifier voltage gain test circuit



TBA 780

Fig. 6 - Typical IF amplifier voltage gain

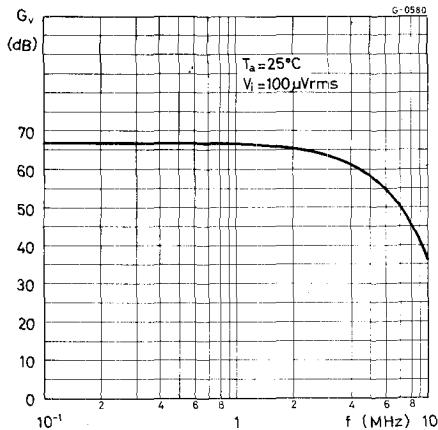


Fig. 7 - Typical AF amplifier voltage gain

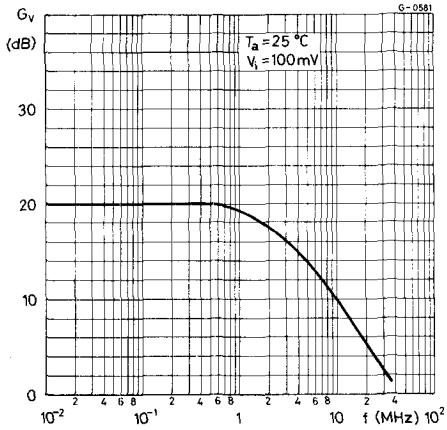


Fig. 8 - Typical FM detector output voltage versus input voltage

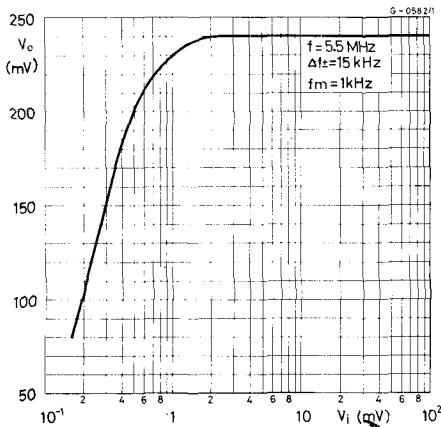


Fig. 9 - Typical amplitude-modulation rejection versus input voltage

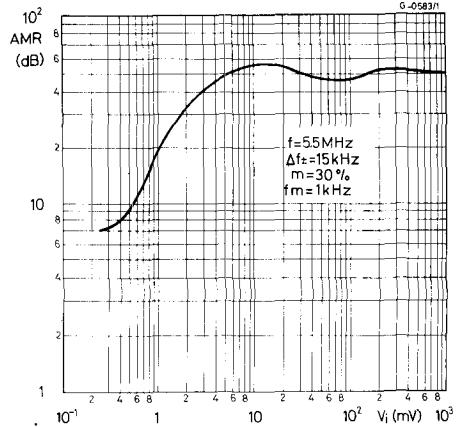


Fig. 10 - Typical gain reduction
versus resistance (P2)
(terminal 6 to gnd)

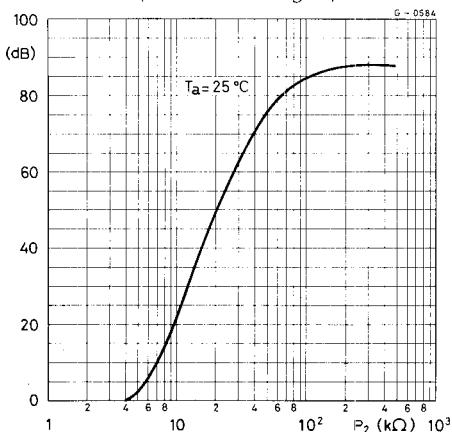


Fig. 11 - P.C. board layout, 1:1 scale (fig. 2 circuit)

